



DP03

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2007-2011 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Carlisle city, Arkansas			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	1,743	+/-264	1,743	(X)
In labor force	973	+/-225	55.8%	+/-8.4
Civilian labor force	973	+/-225	55.8%	+/-8.4
Employed	923	+/-213	53.0%	+/-8.1
Unemployed	50	+/-43	2.9%	+/-2.4
Armed Forces	0	+/-89	0.0%	+/-1.8
Not in labor force	770	+/-170	44.2%	+/-8.4
Civilian labor force	973	+/-225	973	(X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	5.1%	+/-4.1
Females 16 years and over	1,003	+/-174	1,003	(X)
In labor force	480	+/-131	47.9%	+/-9.2
Civilian labor force	480	+/-131	47.9%	+/-9.2
Employed	452	+/-131	45.1%	+/-9.6
Own children under 6 years	156	+/-87	156	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	145	+/-86	92.9%	+/-12.1
Own children 6 to 17 years	222	+/-104	222	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	162	+/-95	73.0%	+/-25.3
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	896	+/-198	896	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	763	+/-173	85.2%	+/-6.8
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	88	+/-63	9.8%	+/-6.3
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-89	0.0%	+/-3.6
Walked	26	+/-30	2.9%	+/-3.4
Other means	6	+/-11	0.7%	+/-1.2
Worked at home	13	+/-16	1.5%	+/-1.7
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.3	+/-2.9	(X)	(X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	923	+/-213	923	(X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	241	+/-88	26.1%	+/-7.4
Service occupations	137	+/-63	14.8%	+/-6.6
Sales and office occupations	252	+/-118	27.3%	+/-9.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	117	+/-61	12.7%	+/-6.3

Subject	Carlisle city, Arkansas			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	176	+/-95	19.1%	+/-9.2
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	923	+/-213	923	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	59	+/-45	6.4%	+/-4.7
Construction	71	+/-54	7.7%	+/-5.5
Manufacturing	89	+/-73	9.6%	+/-7.5
Wholesale trade	44	+/-47	4.8%	+/-4.9
Retail trade	108	+/-53	11.7%	+/-5.6
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	66	+/-49	7.2%	+/-5.0
Information	13	+/-17	1.4%	+/-1.8
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	70	+/-56	7.6%	+/-5.7
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	36	+/-37	3.9%	+/-4.0
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	183	+/-91	19.8%	+/-8.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	85	+/-58	9.2%	+/-6.1
Other services, except public administration	45	+/-44	4.9%	+/-5.0
Public administration	54	+/-37	5.9%	+/-3.8
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	923	+/-213	923	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	617	+/-176	66.8%	+/-9.6
Government workers	205	+/-93	22.2%	+/-8.1
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	101	+/-59	10.9%	+/-6.9
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-89	0.0%	+/-3.5
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	894	+/-107	894	(X)
Less than \$10,000	94	+/-65	10.5%	+/-7.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	90	+/-60	10.1%	+/-6.2
\$15,000 to \$24,999	124	+/-62	13.9%	+/-6.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	96	+/-63	10.7%	+/-7.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	107	+/-65	12.0%	+/-7.2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	224	+/-88	25.1%	+/-9.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	48	+/-39	5.4%	+/-4.3
\$100,000 to \$149,999	100	+/-56	11.2%	+/-6.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	+/-12	1.2%	+/-1.3
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-89	0.0%	+/-3.6
Median household income (dollars)	41,818	+/-14,027	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	49,334	+/-7,919	(X)	(X)
With earnings	612	+/-117	68.5%	+/-9.9
Mean earnings (dollars)	53,742	+/-8,999	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	383	+/-97	42.8%	+/-10.0
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	13,645	+/-2,001	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	204	+/-80	22.8%	+/-8.6
Mean retirement income (dollars)	15,270	+/-5,048	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	65	+/-55	7.3%	+/-6.0
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,452	+/-1,013	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	5	+/-8	0.6%	+/-0.9
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	-	**	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	91	+/-67	10.2%	+/-7.0
Families	562	+/-119	562	(X)
Less than \$10,000	9	+/-13	1.6%	+/-2.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	41	+/-44	7.3%	+/-7.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999	106	+/-60	18.9%	+/-9.7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	26	+/-32	4.6%	+/-5.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	42	+/-37	7.5%	+/-6.6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	193	+/-83	34.3%	+/-12.8

Subject	Carlisle city, Arkansas			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
\$75,000 to \$99,999	48	+/-39	8.5%	+/-6.7
\$100,000 to \$149,999	86	+/-52	15.3%	+/-8.6
\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	+/-12	2.0%	+/-2.1
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-89	0.0%	+/-5.6
Median family income (dollars)	62,692	+/-13,791	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	60,526	+/-8,284	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	21,987	+/-2,263	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	332	+/-103	332	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	18,917	+/-11,518	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	24,721	+/-6,782	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	26,154	+/-5,685	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	51,014	+/-9,008	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	20,682	+/-5,326	(X)	(X)
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
In labor force:	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Employed:	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Unemployed:	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Not in labor force:	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
<b>PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
All families	(X)	(X)	11.4%	+/-7.7
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	20.2%	+/-16.3
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	14.5%	+/-25.5
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	1.7%	+/-2.5
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-21.9
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-50.9
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	46.7%	+/-29.4
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	49.5%	+/-33.4
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	32.1%	+/-48.9
All people	(X)	(X)	16.5%	+/-7.1
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	24.9%	+/-19.6
Related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	24.9%	+/-19.6
Related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	18.7%	+/-22.2
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	27.8%	+/-23.9
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	14.4%	+/-5.4
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	15.3%	+/-7.0

Subject	Carlisle city, Arkansas			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	12.0%	+/-7.6
People in families	(X)	(X)	11.2%	+/-8.0
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	36.5%	+/-12.1

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Census occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The Census occupation codes for 2010 and later years are based on the 2010 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of 2007-2011 and 2009-2011 tables, occupation data in the multiyear files (2007-2011 and 2009-2011) were recoded to 2011 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2011 Census occupation codes with data coded using Census occupation codes prior to 2010. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/ioindex/>.

While the 2007-2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007-2011 American Community Survey

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.